

Lecture 9/13/2023  
Exam Next Tuesday

HW Due

HW 11 Today

HW 12 Friday

HW 13 Sunday

HW 14 Monday

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## Forms of a line

Recall: Slope-intercept form

$$y = mx + b$$

$b =$   $y$ -coord  
of  $y$ -int  
 $m =$  slope.

Ex: The following is a linear equation. Put it  
in slope-intercept form, then graph it.

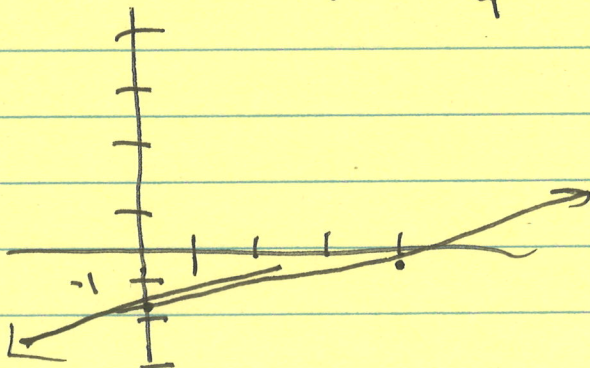
~~$y =$~~   $x + 4y = 2x - 7$

① get  $y$  all by itself

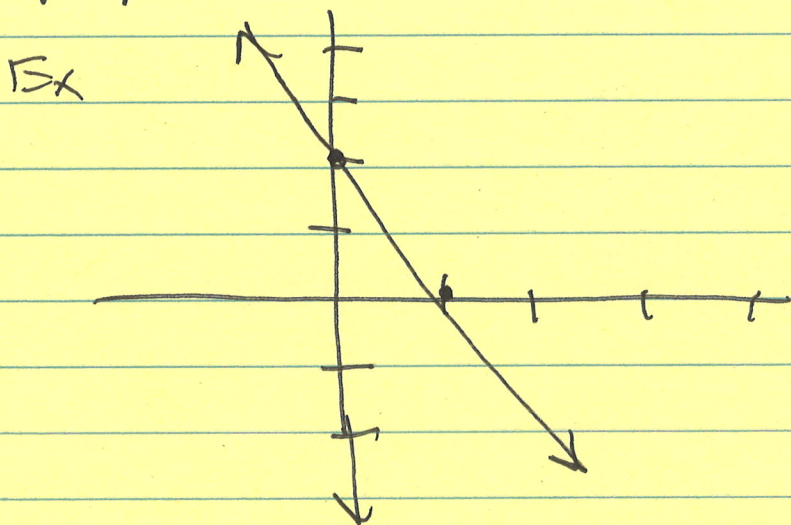
$$4y = x - 7$$

$$y = \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{7}{4}$$

Slope =  $\frac{1}{4}$   
 $y$ -int  $(0, -\frac{7}{4})$



Can get the equation of a line through a graph



$$\text{Slope} = -2$$

$$y \text{ int} = (0, 2)$$

$$y = -2x + 2$$

### ~~Slope~~ Point-Slope - Form

Another way to get the equation of a line through a graph is point-slope form.

Point  
slope  
form

Defn: ~~Point slope~~ A line that goes through the point  $(x_0, y_0)$  with slope  $m$  is given by

$$y = m(x - x_0) + y_0.$$

Ex: ~~me. 2, 5~~  $m = -2$  point  $(2, -5)$

$$y = -2(x - 2) - 5 = \boxed{-2x - 1}$$

Ex: line that goes through  $(-6, 2)$   $(-4, 10)$

① Find slope

$$\frac{8}{2} = 4$$

② Point-slope form

$$y = 4(x + 6) + 2 = 4x + 24 + 2$$
$$\boxed{y = 4x + 26}$$